Αρ.Ταυτότητας:Αρ.Μητρώου:	
ΕΠΩΝΥΜΟ:	
ONOMA:	
Σχολείο:Τμήμα:	

ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΠΑΙΔΕΙΑΣ, ΑΘΛΗΤΙΣΜΟΥ ΚΑΙ ΝΕΟΛΑΙΑΣ ΔΙΕΥΘΎΝΣΗ ΜΕΣΗΣ ΓΕΝΙΚΉΣ ΕΚΠΑΙΔΕΎΣΗΣ ΔΙΕΥΘΎΝΣΗ ΜΕΣΗΣ ΤΕΧΝΙΚΉΣ ΚΑΙ ΕΠΑΓΓΕΛΜΑΤΙΚΉΣ ΕΚΠΑΙΔΕΎΣΗΣ ΚΑΙ ΚΑΤΑΡΤΙΣΉΣ

ΔΕΙΓΜΑΤΙΚΌ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΤΙΚΌ ΔΟΚΙΜΙΟ 2023-2024 Β' ΤΑΞΗ ΤΕΧΝΙΚΏΝ ΣΧΟΛΏΝ

ΜΑΘΗΜΑ: ΑΓΓΛΙΚΑ 4ωρο (Β0052)

ΔΟΚΙΜΙΟ ΑΚΡΟΑΣΗΣ – ΚΑΤΑΝΟΗΣΗΣ

EΞETAZOMENO MAΘΗΜΑ : ΑΓΓΛΙΚΑ (B0052)

:

ΤΟ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΤΙΚΟ ΔΟΚΙΜΙΟ ΑΚΡΟΑΣΗΣ - ΚΑΤΑΝΟΗΣΗΣ ΑΠΟΤΕΛΕΙΤΑΙ ΑΠΟ ΤΡΕΙΣ (3) ΣΕΛΙΔΕΣ

Όλες οι απαντήσεις να γραφούν στο φυλλάδιο. Να απαντήσετε σε όλα τα ερωτήματα. PART I: LISTENING SKILLS (20 MARKS)

Exercise 1 (5x1=5 marks)

You will hear a man talking about the media.

Decide whether the following sentences are True or False.

Put a tick (\checkmark) in the appropriate box.

	TRUE	FALSE
Not everybody is interested in the news.		
2. People tend to read a newspaper on the train.		
Many journalists put their lives in danger in order to bring us news.		
4. No reporters have been killed so far.		
5. The media show pictures that stay in our minds forever.		

Adapted from: https://listenaminute.com/m/media.html



Exercise 2 (5x1=5 marks)You will hear a girl talking to her friend about her new Spanish class. For questions one to five, choose the best answer a, b or c. **1.** Susan ____ her first Spanish lesson. a. enjoyed **b.** disliked c. hated **2.** She thinks that her teacher is a ____ person. **a.** gloomy **b.** happy c. friendly 3. James is learning Spanish because he wants to go to _____. a. Argentina **b.** America c. Australia 4. Besides Italian and French, Rose Marie is learning Spanish because she may want to be ____. **a.** bilingual **b.** multilingual

5. Steve wants Susan to ask him his ____ in Spanish.

a. phone number

c. monolingual

b. address

c. name

Adapted from: https://www.esl-lounge.com/student/listening/1L3-the-new-class-transcript.php

Exercise 3 (10x1=10 marks)

You will hear a news broadcast about the English Language.

Listen and underline the correct word in brackets.

UK charity hopes to 'decolonise' English vocabulary

The English language has 1. (be / been / being) evolving for centuries. Conversations from the Middle Ages would be difficult to understand 2. (today / tonight / to-date). The meaning of vocabulary is always 3. (challenging / shifting / changing). The charity Oxfam has issued a guide proposing more changes. Oxfam wants to 'decolonise' English, which it considers to be the language of a colonising 4. (nation / notion / motion). It is said English needs to change 'to decolonise our ways of working and 5. (shuffle / shift / show) power'. Its 92-page 'Inclusive Language Guide' advises charity workers on the use of language to feel empowered to be 6. (seclusive / exclusive / inclusive) in their work.

Oxfam began in 1942 to try to **7.** (**reduce / reuse / decrease**) poverty. It operates in 80 **8.** (**continents / countries / colonies**). It says English is the dominant language used by its workers in former British colonies. It issued its guide to support people who have to work and communicate in the English language as part of a colonial **9.** (**legacy / privacy / policy**). The guide focuses on inclusivity for the disabled, the LGBTQIA+ community, migrants, refugees, and others. It suggested changes like avoiding 'colonial' **10.** (**faces / phrases / phases**) such as 'mankind'. It said this word could be viewed as being patriarchal as it is often misunderstood as only referring to men.

Adapted from: https://breakingnewsenglish.com/2303/230327-oxfam-language-guide-5.html

