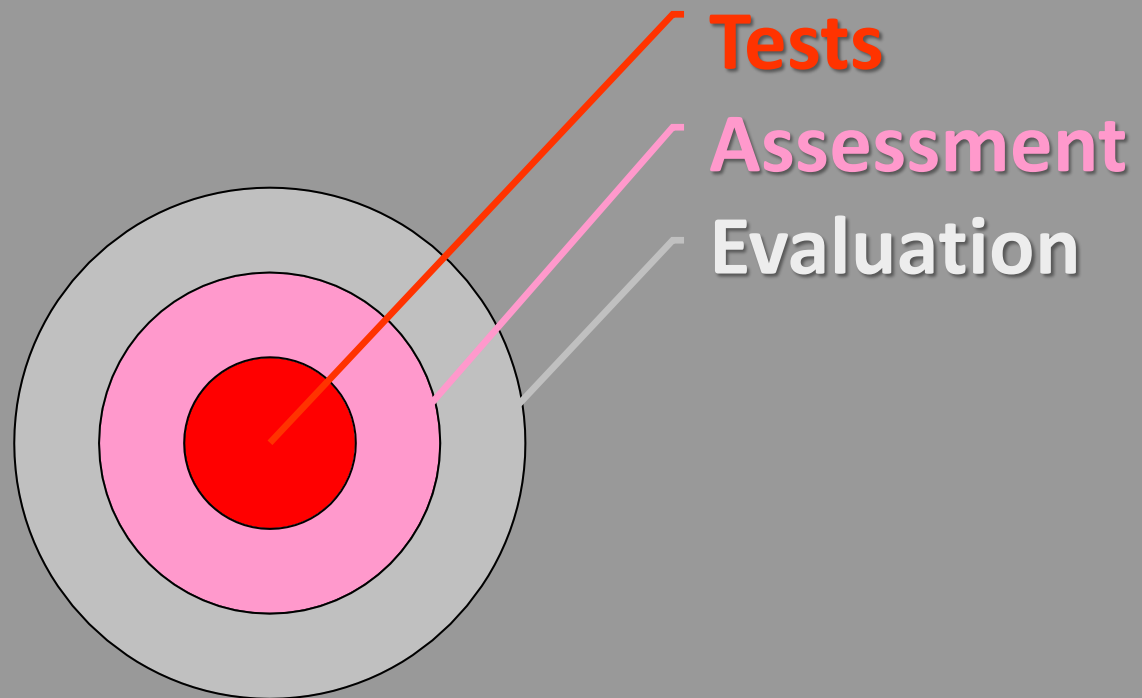


# Formative Assessment in the classroom and in a Remote Teaching Environment

# What is the difference between tests, assessment and evaluation?



# Three key concepts in assessment:

- **Validity**
- **Reliability**
- **Feasibility**

# Types of assessment

1	Achievement assessment	Proficiency assessment
2	Norm-referencing (NR)	Criterion-referencing (CR)
3	Mastery learning CR	Continuum CR
4	Continuous assessment	Fixed assessment points
5	Formative assessment	Summative assessment
6	Direct assessment	Indirect assessment
7	Performance assessment	Knowledge assessment
8	Subjective assessment	Objective assessment
9	Checklist rating	Performance rating
10	Impression	Guided judgement
11	Holistic assessment	Analytic assessment
12	Series assessment	Category assessment
13	Assessment by others	Self-assessment

# Formative assessment / Summative assessment

## **Formative assessment:**

ongoing process of gathering information on the extent of learning, on strengths and weaknesses, feedback given to learners

## **Summative assessment:**

attainment at the end of the course with a grade

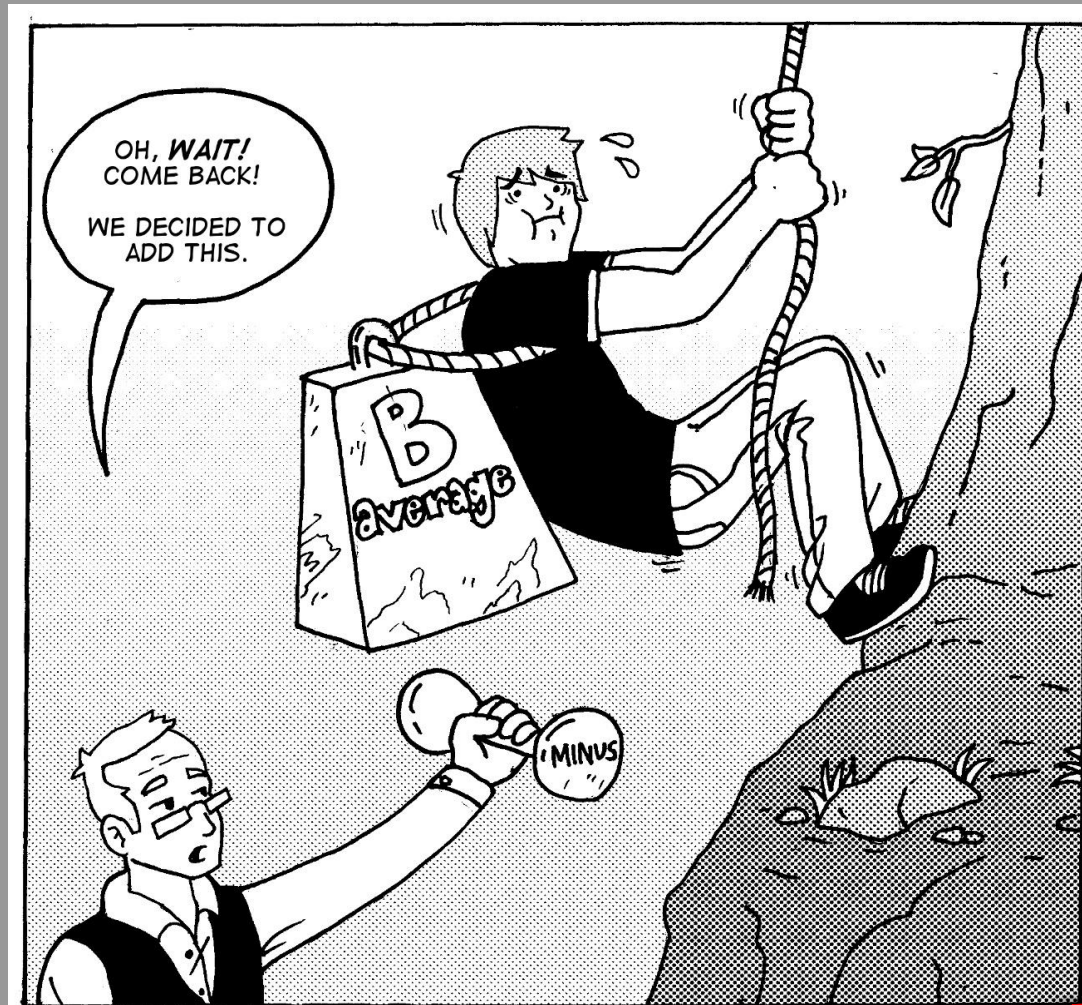
# Formative vs Summative assessment



Formative assessment takes place while students are learning.



# Formative assessment must be checked, but not graded.





# Formal and informal formative assessment

	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment
Informal	Questioning Feedback Peer assessment Self-assessment	Essays in uncontrolled conditions Portfolios Coursework Teacher assessment
Formal	Further analysis or tests, exams, essays Target setting	Tests Exams Essays in controlled conditions

*National Foundation for Educational Research report (NFER 2007)*

# Types of formative assessment

- Questions
- Feedback
- Peer assessment
- Self-assessment
- Further analysis of tests, exams and essay
- Entry and exit tickets
- Polls and quizzes
- Projects

# Five misconceptions about formative assessment

- Teachers will lose control of their class.
- Peer feedback means students chatting to each other rather than working on a task.
- Examinations are the only type of assessment that matter.
- Assessment is a one-way process: teachers give students feedback about their work.
- Work should always be given a grade or mark.

# Questions

## Questions

- **Who should you ask questions?**
- **When should you ask questions?**
- **Why should you ask questions?**
- **What questions should you ask?**

# Think Pair Share

- Ask students a question
- Have students think about answer
- Have students discuss their answers in pairs
- Move around and listen to discussions

# KWL questions

- What do you know about...?
- What do you want to know about...?
- What have you learnt?

# Feedback: The bridge between teaching and learning

Feedback should be:

- Specific
- Detailed
- Constructive
- Timely
- Meaningful

# Peer assessment

## Students:

- Assess each other's work
- Give each other advice
- Take responsibility for their learning
- Develop social skills
- Think critically



# Self-assessment

**‘Students need to learn for themselves how they move up to the next level ... they need to internalise the process. Learning cannot be done for them by the teachers.’**

*(Mary James, 1998)*

# Further analysis of tests, exams and essays

- Teachers gain knowledge about what students know and can do
- Students understand their strengths and weaknesses
- Teachers make adaptations to instruction
- Students identify areas they need to improve

**Entry and exit slips: A focus for the learner as soon as they arrive and just before they leave the classroom**

# Polls and quizzes

- show what students really know
- allow the teacher to design the questions
- can include both simple and complicated questions
- allow students to give quick and accurate answers
- are ideal for 'shy' students
- can be used in online teaching

# Projects

## Ideas for projects

- Create a poster or collage about the topic
- Record a rehearsed podcast discussing the topic
- Create a narrative about the topic
- Design flashcards to test each other
- Make keynote presentations on the topic

# Benefits of Formative Assessment

- Improves learner outcomes
- Increases confidence
- Increases independence
- Changes the culture of the classroom

# Workshop

# Part 2

## (Formative Assessment in a Remote Teaching Environment)



# Remote Teaching

How do we incorporate formative assessment in an online learning environment?



# Why do we need formative assessment in an online teaching environment?



# Why do we need formative assessment in an online teaching environment?



# How can online tools help formative assessment?

- They increase interaction and engagement.
- They help gather feedback and assess understanding.
- They can be fun and motivating for Ss.
- They are easy to use and give feedback in real time.



# Using Functions on a Video Conferencing Platform

**Examples:** Microsoft Teams, Zoom, Skype, etc.

## Increase interaction and check in on Ss

- Ask questions orally as you would in classroom.
- Use the chat function to check in on Ss individually.
- Use the chat function to ask Ss questions, to get Ss to brainstorm or to allow Ss to ask questions.

# Online Quizzes and Game-type Activities

**Examples:** Socrative, Kahoot, Quizlet, Google Classroom

**Check Ss' understanding during the lesson**



- Allow teachers to create simple interactive quizzes Ss can take on laptops, tablets or smartphones and receive immediate feedback.
- Multiple-choice, True/False or open-ended questions
- Individual or group games
- Some tools allow you to download reports with class progress



# Online Quizzes and Game-type Activities

**Examples:** Socrative, Kahoot, Quizlet, Google Classroom

**How can we use them?**

**Ideas:**

- Quiz at the beginning of the lesson to revise previous lesson
- Comprehension questions for a reading activity
- Quick quiz about new grammar structure
- Exit tickets: Ss answer one or more questions at the end of the lesson to help teachers determine how well they have understood the lesson.

# Polling Tools

**Examples:** Mentimeter, Moodle



- Run surveys to receive feedback.
- Ask Ss their opinion.
- Evaluate understanding of homework assignments.
- Check Ss' understanding of material or use them as a discussion starter.





# Other tools which can be used for formative assessment

**Padlet:** an online bulletin board where students and teachers can share images, links and ideas

- Get Ss to brainstorm or answer open-ended questions
- Ss can see and evaluate their peers' answers

**Voki, Flipgrid, VoiceThread:** online tools that Ss can use to record themselves

- Use them for speaking and pronunciation assessment

# Online teaching and formative assessment

Take it one step at a time





**...thank you!**