

Assessing writing









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ELT since 2003: teacher, trainer, project manager, consultant. Cambridge University Press and Assessment, British Council, FutureLearn.

Partnering with Ministries of Education, international organisations, teachers and trainers in many countries.

Design and creation of face to face and online courses.

Cambridge CELTA tutor, former DELTA local tutor.







Assessing writing 1: How to assess writing. Wednesday February 22, 3-4pm

Assessing writing 2: Practical application. Wednesday March 8, 3-4pm



Better Learning



Key questions for today

- 1. Why are formative and summative assessment of writing important?
- 2. How do we "do" formative and summative writing assessment?
- 3. What tools can we use to assess writing?







Word association!

Open the link

Type a word that you associate with **SUMMATIVE assessment**

https://answergarden.ch/3054486







Open the second link

Type a word that you associate with **FORMATIVE assessment**

https://answergarden.ch/3054490





Why are formative and summative assessment of writing important?







Write a description of your own dream house. Description

Is this writing task:

- Formative?
- Summative?
- Could it be either?



Describe your dream house and win a digital camera!



Own It! 2 Student's Book, p.65





Any writing task can be assessed formatively or summatively.

It depends on how and when the teacher does it.





Formative assessment	Summative assessment		
Observing/listening	Testing		
Feedback	Grades		
AIM: i learning and teaching	AIM: e how much learning has taken place over a certain period		





They get feedback on what they're doing well and how they can improve their language skills (formative).

Type in the chat Learners Teachers Parents School leaders Policy makers





They know how their children performed during the school year (summative).







They get a snapshot of how well students in their school are performing in English (summative).







They can identify gaps in learning and adjust their teaching to help learners (formative).







They get regular feedback on their speaking and writing (formative).







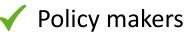
They get a snapshot of student performance in English in different schools (summative). Type in the chat Learners

200111010

Teachers

Parents

School leaders







They know their children are being supported to learn and improve every day (formative).





How do we "do" formative and summative assessment?

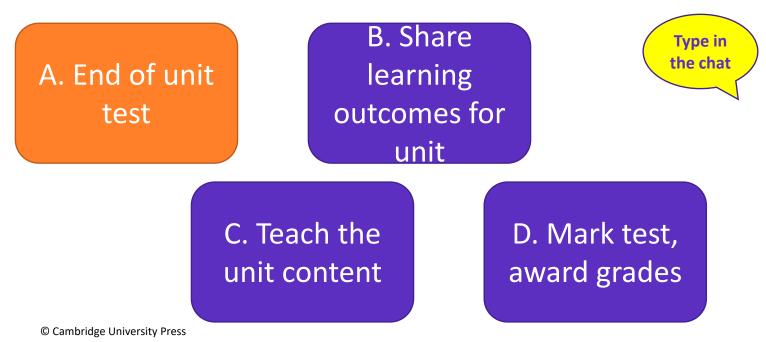


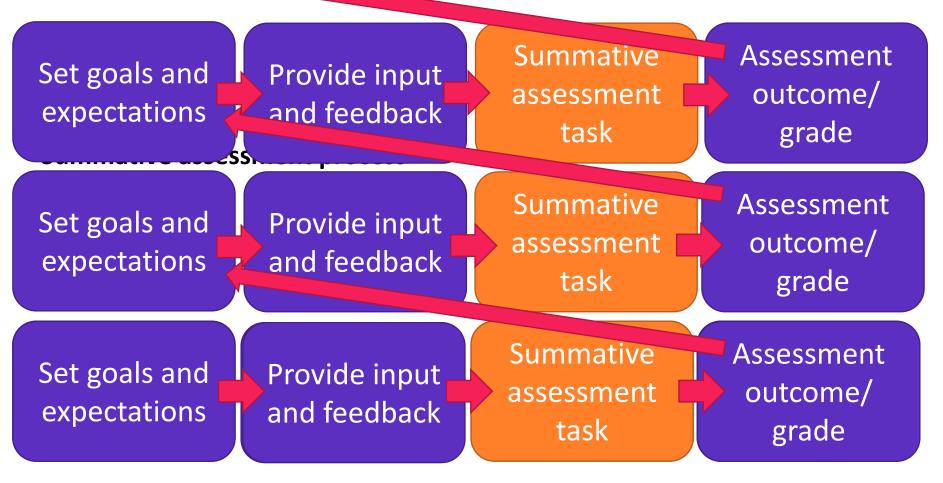




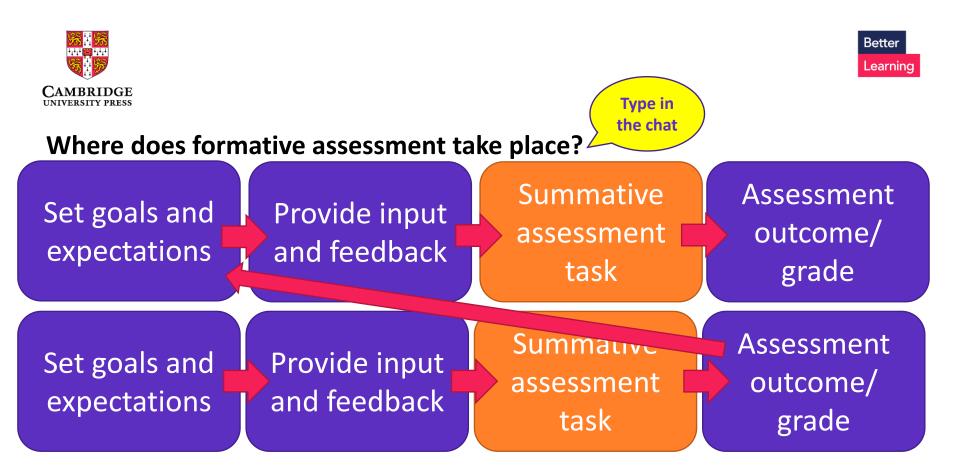


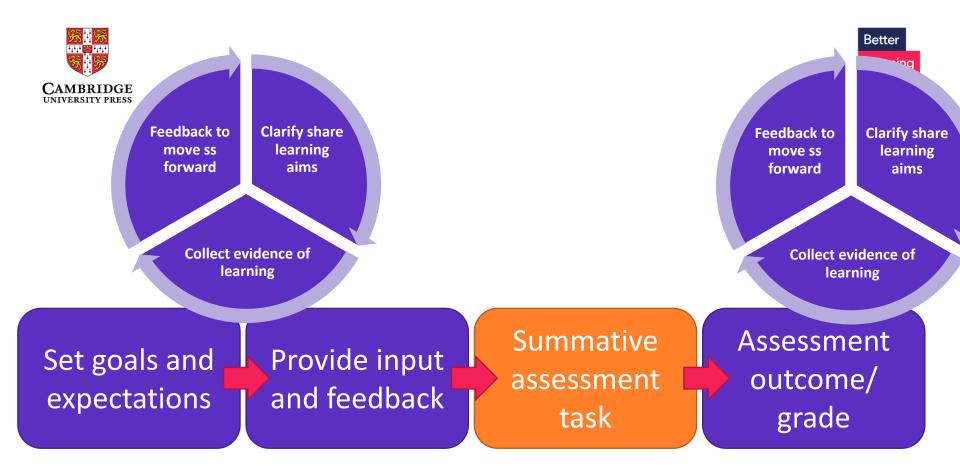
Summative assessment: what order do you do these things in?





(B, C, A, D)







- Formative assessment takes place throughout the learning process.
- Even a summative test can be used formatively, if the teacher helps learners to learn from their writing performance and improve next time.
- Formative assessment can help learners every time they write.
- Summative assessment is less frequent.



How often do you assess your learners' writing?

- 1. Once a term
- 2. Several times a term
- 3. At the end of a unit
- 4. Once a week
- 5. Every lesson
- 6. Every time they write







Gymnasium A

Could you use this to assess your learners' writing?

Own It! 1 Student's Book, p.53

Type Y or N

© Cambridge University Press

Write a description of your favourite types of food.

PLAN

4 Make notes to describe your favourite types of food. Say where you get it from, what's in it and what it's like. Decide what information to include in each paragraph. Use the information in Exercise 2 to help you.

WRITE

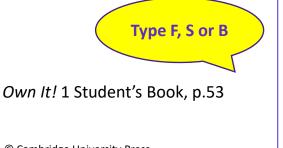
5 Write your description. Remember to include four paragraphs, *there is/are*, countable and uncountable nouns and expressions from the *Useful language* box.

- 6 Do you ...
 - introduce yourself and say when/how often you eat your favourite foods?
 - use adjectives to describe food?
 - say why you like each type of food?



Gymnasium A

Could you use this for formative or summative assessment or both?



© Cambridge University Press

Write a description of your favourite types of food.

PLAN

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 - say why you like each type of food?



Gymnasium A

What about the Workbook writing task? Formative, summative or both?

 Type F, S or both

 Own It! 1 Student's Book, p.53

 Own It! 1 Workbook, p.37

 © Cambridge University Press

Write a description of your favourite types of food.

PLAN

4 Make notes to describe you of food. Say where you get and what it's like. Decide v include in each paragraph in Exercise 2 to help you.

WRITE

5 Write your description. Re four paragraphs, *there is/q* uncountable nouns and ex *Useful language* box.

CHECK

- 6 Do you ...
 - introduce yourself and sa eat your favourite foods?
 - use adjectives to describe
 - say why you like each typ

Write a description of your favourite place to eat.

PLAN

5 Make notes about your favourite place to eat. Say where it is, when you go there and what it is like. Decide what information to include in each paragraph. Use the information in Exercise 4 to help you.

WRITE

6 ★★★ Write your description. Remember to include four paragraphs, *there is/are*, countable and uncountable nouns and expressions from the *Useful language* box (see Student's Book, p53).

- 7 Do you ...
 - introduce yourself and say where you are from and the name of your favourite place?
 - say what is your favourite type of food and drink?
 - use adjectives to describe food?



Assessment options

A. Do SB writing in class, WB writing at home (formative)

B. Do pre-writing in class, set SB writing for homework (formative)

C. At the end of the unit/term, set WB writing as a test (summative)

D. At the end of the unit/term, create your own writing test (summative)

Own It! 1 Student's Book, p.53

Own It! 1 Workbook, p.37

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CHECK

6 Do you ...

Which do

you do?

- introduce yourse eat your favourite
- use adjectives to

say why you like

Write a description of your favourite place to eat.

PLAN

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WRITE

Write your description. Remember to include four paragraphs, *there is/are*, countable and uncountable nouns and expressions from the *Useful language* box (see Student's Book, p53).

CHECK

- 7 Do you ...
 - introduce yourself and say where you are from and the name of your favourite place?
 - say what is your favourite type of food and drink?
 - · use adjectives to describe food?





Think

You want to create a similar writing task to assess your students' ability to write a description of food (Gymnasium A).

What task would you create?



Reminder:

Student's Book task: Write about your favourite food

Workbook task: Write about your favourite restaurant





Writing assessment wording

Write a email to your friend describing an amazing meal you had. You should:

- Say where you had the meal
- Describe the food you ate
- Say why you liked it

You should write about 100 words.



Writing assessment wording

Content

Write a *description / email to your friend / story about...*

You should include:

- This
- That
- The other

You should write about x words.



Clear, concise instructions. Familiar

Specifies

task type



Gymnasium B

Have you used this for

- classwork?
- homework?

Type in the chat

Type F, S

or both

- Have you assessed it
- formatively?
- summatively?

Own It! 2 Student's Book, p.77 Own It! 2 Workbook, p.53 © Cambridge University Press Write a description of your favourite internet or TV personality. PLAN Make notes about these Write a description of your favourite comedian or 1 Who the person is: comedy actor. What he/she does: PLAN What he/she does in e 🖈 🖈 Make notes about these things. 5 1 Who the person is: What he/she is doing What he/she does: How many followers he/she has got: Why I like this person 3 2 What he/she usually does in his/her videos or WRITE films: 3 Why you like this person and his/her videos or Write your description. paragraphs, the correct films: and and, but and or. WRITE CHECK 🖈 🖈 Write your description. Remember to 6 include three paragraphs, the correct present Do you ... 8 tenses and adverbs, and and, but and or. use sentences with an give information about CHECK





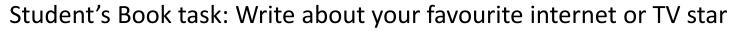
Think

You want to create a similar writing task to assess your students' ability to write a description of a person in an email or essay (Gymnasium B).

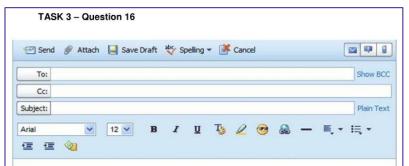
Type in the chat

What task would you create?





Workbook task: Write about your favourite comedian



You recently met Jessica Cox. Write an email to a friend about it. In your email, you should

- · say where you met her
- describe what she is like
- explain how the experience made you feel .

Write your email in about 100 words.

TASK 4

(20 marks)

Better

Learning

You recently bumped into your favourite youtuber at the shopping mall. Write an email to an English-speaking friend telling him/her all about it. In your email, you should:

- say who the person is and describe him/her
- talk about what he/she does in his/her videos
- explain why you like him/her



Source: https://anglm.schools.ac.cy/index.php/el/material/supporting-material-gymnasium-b





Writing assessment wording

Write a *description / email to your friend / story about...*

You should include:

- This
- That
- The other

You should write about x words.



Gymnasium C

Own It! 3 Student's Book, p.29

Own It! 3 Workbook, p.21

© Cambridge University Press

Write your own review of a performance		
PLAN 5 Look at the School of Rock poster or th	ink	
of a performance you have been to. Make notes.		•
		Wr
Where did you see it?	-	Ρl
Who was the performance for?	_	6
What was it like?	_	W
What did you like / not like about it?		W

6 Decide what information to include in each paragraph. Use the information in Exercise 3 to help you.

WRITE

7 Write your review. Remember to include four paragraphs, the present perfect and phrases from the Useful language box.

CHECK

- 8 Do you ...
 - describe the event?
 - say who it is for?
 - say what you liked / didn't like about it?

Write your own review of a music concert.

PLAN

5 Make notes on a music concert you have been to or seen on TV.

Where did you see it? _____

Who was the concert for?

What was it like? _____

What did you like / not like about it? _

7 Decide what information to include in each paragraph. Use the information in Exercise 3 to help you.

WRITE

8 Write your review. Remember to include four paragraphs, the present perfect and phrases from the *Useful language* box (see Student's Book, p29).

- 9 Do you ...
 - describe the event?
 - · say who it is for?
 - say what you liked / didn't like about it?





Think

You want to create a similar writing task to assess your students' ability to write a review (Gymnasium C).

What task would you create?



Reminder:

Student's Book task: Write a review of a performance

Workbook task: Write a review of a music concert





Writing assessment wording

Write a review of a TV series / film / book / festival / ...

You should include:

- Where and when you saw it
- Who it is for
- What you liked/didn't like about it

You should write about *x* words.



What tools can we use to assess writing?







How do you assess learner writing now?

- Give grades (A, B, C or marks out 5. Say what they're doing well. 1. of 10 or 20)
- Underline mistakes. 2
- Correct mistakes. 3.
- Write comments. 4.



- Say what they need to improve. 6.
- 7. Give feedback against criteria.
- Use a rubric. 8



UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE ESOL Examinations

Cambridge English Key for Schools

Assessment of Writing scale

Band	Content	Organisation	Language
5	All content is relevant to the task. Target reader is fully informed.	Text is connected and coherent, using basic linking words and a limited number of cohesive devices.	Uses everyday vocabulary generally appropriately, while occasionally overusing certain lexis. Uses simple grammatical forms with a good degree of control. While errors are noticeable, meaning can still be determined.
4	Performance shares features of Bands 3 and 5.		
3	Minor irrelevances and/or omissions may be present. Target reader is on the whole informed.	Text is connected using basic, high-frequency linking words.	Uses basic vocabulary reasonably appropriately. Uses simple grammatical forms with some degree of control. Errors may impede meaning at times.



UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE ESOL Examinations

Cambridge English Preliminary for Schools





Assessment rubrics - benefits

- Specific feedback against specific writing subskills
- Learners know where they are at:

Where they are doing well

- Where and how they can improve
- Teachers have standardized approach to assessing different types of writing
- Once familiar with them saves time! ③



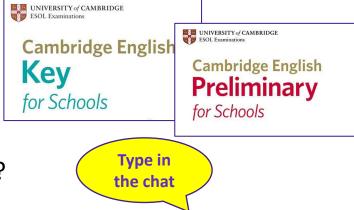


Content

Language

Organisation

What do you expect to be included under each one?







Which criterion does this relate to?

Punctuation







Which criterion does this relate to?

Vocabulary

- range and accuracy







Which criterion does this relate to?

Linking words







Which criterion does this relate to?

Has the learner answered the question?







Which criterion does this relate to?

Grammar

range and accuracy







Which criterion does this relate to?

Is all the information relevant?

Content
 Language
 Organisation



	A1+ (Gymnasium A)	A2 (Gymnasium B)	B1 (Gymnasium C)
Language	Produces basic	Uses basic vocabulary	Uses everyday
	vocabulary of	reasonably	vocabulary generally
	isolated	appropriately.	appropriately, while
What are the	words and phrases.		occasionally overusing
differences		Uses simple	certain lexis.
between the levels?	Produces a few	grammatical forms	Uses simple
	simple grammatical	with some degree of	grammatical forms with
	forms	control.	a good degree of
	with only limited	Errors may impede	control.
	control.	meaning at times.	While errors are
			noticeable, meaning
			can still be determined.



	A1+ (Gymnasium A)	A2 (Gymnasium B)	B1 (Gymnasium C)
Language	Produces basic	Uses basic vocabulary	Uses everyday
	vocabulary of	reasonably	vocabulary generally
	isolated	appropriately.	appropriately, while
	words and phrases.		occasionally overusing
		Uses simple	certain lexis.
	Produces a few	grammatical forms	Uses simple
	simple grammatical	with some degree of	grammatical forms with
	forms	control.	a good degree of
	with only limited	Errors may impede	control.
	control.	meaning at times.	While errors are
			noticeable, meaning

can still be determined.



UNIVERSITY PRESS	ITY PRESS			
	A1+ (Gymnasium A)	A2 (Gymnasium B)	B1 (Gymnasium C)	
Organisation What are the differences between the levels?	Some use of punctuation (e.g. capital letters at the beginning of a sentence, full stops at the end of a sentence). Simple connectors may be used (e.g. and, but).	Text is connected using basic high- frequency linking words (e.g. and, so because, first of all).	Text is connected and coherent, using basic linking words (e.g. and, so because, first of all) and a limited number of cohesive devices (e.g. pronouns she, theirs; relative clauses which).	



A1+ (Gy	mnasium A)	A2 (Gymnasium B)	B1 (Gymnasium C)
capital l beginnin sentenc at the e sentenc Simple	ation (e.g. etters at the ng of a e, full stops nd of a e). connectors used (e.g.	Text is connected using basic high- frequency linking words (e.g. and, so because, first of all).	Text is connected and coherent, using basic linking words (e.g. and, so because, first of all) and a limited number of cohesive devices (e.g. pronouns she, theirs; relative clauses which).



UNIVERSITY PRESS			
	A1+ (Gymnasium A)	A2 (Gymnasium B)	B1 (Gymnasium C)
Content		nt to the task? an email, have they writ to include 3 pieces of in	



Example

A1+ Organisation criteria

Organisation

4

2

- 5 Text is connected using basic high-frequency linking words.
- 3 Some use of punctuation.Simple connectors may be used.
- Little or no use of punctuation and connectors.



Summary









1. Writing should be assessed BOTH formatively AND summatively throughout the school year.

ing.

- 2. Formative assessment **improves** learning and teach
- 3. Summative assessment **evaluation** ing performance.
- 4. Tasks from the sed for either type of assessment.
- 5. Tasks can be easily ada create new assessments.
- 6. Assessment criteria and rubrics for writing help teachers to give specific iting subskills.
- 7. Assessment criteria for writing include content, language and organisation.



What's next?







Before we meet again 😳

- Look at the assessment rubrics for A1+, A2 and B1.
- Assess the writing sample for each level using the appropriate rubric.
- Think about the feedback you would give.
- If you like, try assessing your students' writing using the appropriate rubric for their level.
- Be ready to share your experience in the next webinar ⁽ⁱ⁾



A1+ Gymnasium A

Writing task

You would like to go to the park tomorrow. Write an **email** to your English friend Sammy. In your email:

- ask Sammy to come to the park with you
- explain how you can both get there
- say what you can do there.

Student writing

I GOING TO THE PARK BEACAUSE IT IS VERY BEATIFUL. I GET THERE BEACAUSE THEY'RE PLAY FOOTBALL, PLAY A KITE. I SEE THE BIRTH. IT'S RUNING I CAN BY BUS. IT'S VERY CHEAP BUT I CAN A TAXI IT'S VERY EXPENSIVE

Your assessment (use the A1+ assessment rubric)

Content			
Organisation			
Language			
What feedback would you give?			

	A1+	Content	Organisation	Language	
'n	5	All content is relevant	Text is connected using basic	Uses basic vo	
Ш		to the task.	high-frequency linking words.	reasonably a	
		Target reader is fully		Uses simple (
		informed.		with some de	
				Errors may ir	
l				times.	
	4	Performance shares features of Bands 3 and 5			
	3	Minor irrelevances	Some use of punctuation.	Produces bas	
		and/or omissions may	Simple connectors may be	isolated	
		be present.	used.	words and p	
I		Target reader is on the		Produces a f	
		whole informed		grammatical	



Assessing writing 2: Practical application. Wednesday March 8, 3-4pm

- Assess writing samples at each level (Gymnasium A, B, C) using the rubrics
- Evaluate how to give feedback on writing as part of formative assessment







Thank you! Any questions?



