#### ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΠΑΙΔΕΙΑΣ, ΠΟΛΙΤΙΣΜΟΥ, ΑΘΛΗΤΙΣΜΟΥ ΚΑΙ ΝΕΟΛΑΙΑΣ ΔΙΕΥΘΥΝΣΗ ΜΕΣΗΣ ΓΕΝΙΚΗΣ ΕΚΠΑΙΔΕΥΣΗΣ ΚΡΑΤΙΚΑ ΙΝΣΤΙΤΟΥΤΑ ΕΠΙΜΟΡΦΩΣΗΣ

#### ΤΕΛΙΚΕΣ ΕΝΙΑΙΕΣ ΓΡΑΠΤΕΣ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΙΣ ΣΧΟΛΙΚΗ ΧΡΟΝΙΑ 2021 – 2022

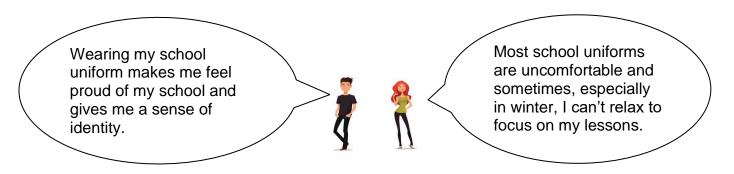
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#### ΤΟ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΤΙΚΟ ΔΟΚΙΜΙΟ ΑΠΟΤΕΛΕΙΤΑΙ ΑΠΟ ΕΠΤΑ (7) ΣΕΛΙΔΕΣ ΟΛΕΣ ΟΙ ΑΠΑΝΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΝΑ ΓΡΑΦΟΎΝ ΣΤΟ ΤΕΤΡΑΔΙΟ ΑΠΑΝΤΗΣΕΩΝ ΠΡΙΝ ΑΠΟ ΚΑΘΕ ΑΠΑΝΤΗΣΗ ΝΑ ΣΗΜΕΙΩΣΕΤΕ ΤΑ ΣΤΟΙΧΕΙΑ ΤΗΣ ΕΡΩΤΗΣΗΣ

#### **PART I: WRITING**

35 MARKS

- 1. Write an essay of 220-250 words on ONE of the following topics:
  - A. Two teenagers are expressing their views on whether "School uniforms should be abolished". Write an article for an online magazine giving your opinion on the subject. You can use ideas from the following extracts.



**B.** Drawing information from the following magazine extracts write an essay for an international website entitled: **The advantages and disadvantages of someone paying attention to his/her physical appearance.** 

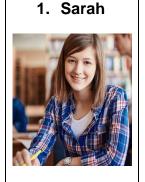


Looking after your appearance can	Focusing on one's appearance too
boost your confidence and affect the	much carries the risk of neglecting
way other people treat you.	inner beauty.

#### PART II: READING COMPREHENSION Read the two passages below and do ALL the exercises that follow.

#### Passage 1

#### SPORTS AT SCHOOL



2. Matt



3. Tim



4. Kate



Looking back, I did enjoy sports lessons at school, even though I think most schools in those days assumed sports were basically for boys, and girls weren't encouraged to do well at sports. That attitude really annoys me, because the whole point of sports at school is to help kids develop the right attitudes, and it doesn't matter how good you are. What matters is that you run as fast as you can. Schools are highly competitive environments and sports can teach children the importance of teamwork. To do well in almost everything else at school, like maths or history, you are rewarded for individual effort, but sports are about working together towards a common goal. Sports at school give children who are not high achievers a chance to excel at something.

My own memories of sports lessons at school aren't particularly good, but that's mainly because of the type of school I went to. It was very unusual by British standards, with old-fashioned ways of teaching, and the headteacher didn't really think sports mattered at all. The school rarely organised sports events and never invested in sports equipment. There was very little emphasis on the importance of eating sensibly and the benefits of keeping fit and exercising properly. I believe that issues like obesity, anorexia, nutritional value of food, etc. should be included in sports lessons at school. Children should be encouraged to take part in competitive sports. Being competitive is part of human nature and doing sports can provide an excellent outlet for this aggressiveness. Winning at sports can build up your self-esteem and confidence. On the other hand, since you can't expect to win every time, sports can also teach you how to be humble and realistic.

There are obvious benefits in having good sports classes at school. Children stay fit and learn the importance of fair play. Schools can introduce children to sports they would never otherwise have the opportunity of doing. For instance, I grew up in a big city, and we hardly ever travelled to the countryside as a family. At school we had a climbing wall in the gym, and we learnt rock climbing in sports class. When I moved to Europe, I took up rock climbing and was surprised by how good I was at it. Schools should offer a wide range of sports from the most popular ones, like football and basketball, to the less popular ones, like table tennis and climbing. Unfortunately, sports are often regarded as a sort of optional extra by certain schools and this is also reflected in the children's attitude to them.

The main point about sports is that they encourage peaceful competition. I think that's the basis of the Olympic spirit of Classical Greece, which nowadays is more important than ever before. Sports can teach you how to discipline yourself, how to remain focused on what you're doing and how to apply yourself to achieving a goal. I don't think sports are really about the sort of aggression and rage that you see sometimes in football matches, for instance. I certainly think teachers should discourage any form of aggression during sports classes. On top of that, we need to be more sensitive towards the feelings of children who are not fit or good at sports. Taking part in a sports lesson can be a major source of embarrassment and a traumatic experience for less athletic children.

Adapted from https://www.esleschool.com

# 2. For questions A-H, choose from the people 1-4

(8X2=16 marks)

# Which person ...?

<ul> <li>A. developed a skill at school that he practised later in life</li> <li>B. thinks sports can teach you how to concentrate</li> <li>C. studied at a school that didn't spend money on sports</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>D. was sexually discriminated against in sports</li> <li>E. thinks sports can teach children the significance of cooperation</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>F. wishes sports were deemed more highly at schools</li> <li>G. thinks that sports enable some low ability students to stand out</li> <li>H. thinks sports can calm you down</li> </ul>	
3. Use information from the texts above and refer to	(4 marks)

Two ways sports impact positively on one's school performance.

•

Two ways sports influence negatively those who are not so good at them.

- \_\_\_\_\_
- •

# Passage 2





Hotels often undergo makeovers. However, few can compete with the Icehotel in Jukkasjärvi, Sweden. Carved entirely from "snice" — a mix of snow and ice — the hotel is rebuilt annually, with each version being more impressive than the previous one. The 32nd Icehotel, opening to guests by April 17, 2022, is no exception.76

The must-visit Swedish tourist destination came about accidentally. In 1989, Icehotel's founder Yngve Berquist organised an art show to <u>entice</u> tourists to Jukkasjärvi during the chilly winter months. The exhibition, held inside a 5.5-square-meter igloo, was a runaway success. Many visitors opted to spend the night, selling out all of Jukkasjärvi's warm cabins. Hence, when a group approached Berquist about a place to spend the night, he offered them the igloo.

"To my surprise, the guests said yes, so we equipped them with warm sleeping bags and instructed them how to sleep in the cold. The morning after, they were blown away by the experience. Icehotel was born," Berquist recalls.

The Icehotel has come a long way since its humble start. Constructed from 1000 tons of ice, and 30,000 tons of "snice," it now covers an area of over 5,500 square meters. Preparations for the annual hotel begin in March with the harvesting of 5,000 tons of ice from the nearby Torne River. The ice is kept in cold storage until November when about 100 workers and artists get to work carving out a new structure. Icehotel is typically open for business by mid-December.

This year's hotel <u>comprises</u> 36 rooms, including 12 exquisitely crafted art suites. Among the highlights is the "Different Natures" suite. Decorated with massive ice boulders and carved water shapes, it <u>aspires</u> to provide visitors with an immersive nature experience. The "Great Gatsby" suite gets its inspiration from the Art Deco design that was popular in America during the 1920s. The "Dickensian Street" suite promises to take visitors on a nostalgic tour of 19th century England, complete with cobbled streets, shops, and buildings from the era.

The "To Bed with Chickens" suite lives up to its name, with numerous ice-sculpted chickens scattered around the room. The suite's creators state, "Since a couple of years we have had chickens, and it is so much fun to watch them go to bed. They chat to each other about what happened that day, and they all try to get the best spot to sleep. This inspired us to design a room with chickens."

The Icehotel experience does not come cheap. Basic rooms cost about \$400, while the luxury suites can set visitors back by as much as \$900. Regardless of the price, the temperature is always set to a bone-chilling -5°C! Guests are advised to snuggle up inside thermal sleeping bags and wear gloves and winter hats all night. Not surprisingly, most move to the <u>conventiona</u>l, warmer cabins nearby after a single night.

The hotel's single restaurant serves gourmet food, while the drinks are always chilled to perfection in the world-famous ICEBAR! Icehotel guests can participate in a myriad of fun activities. They include snowshoeing, moose or snowmobile safaris, and dog sledding. There is even the option of overnight wilderness camping for those brave enough to <u>endure</u> the below-freezing temperatures.

While the Icehotel will melt into a giant puddle in April, the lesser known but equally impressive Icehotel 365, which lies adjacent, is open to visitors year-round. Also built entirely from "snice," the 20-room hotel is kept frozen by solar-powered cooling technology during the summer.

Adapted from https://www.dogonews.com

# 4. Choose the best alternative a, b, c or d according to the text.

#### (5X2=10 marks)

# A. Yngve Berquist was inspired to found the Icehotel when \_\_\_\_

- 1. the ice art show Berquist organised in an igloo was extremely successful
- 2. several visitors to Berquist's art show wanted to spend a night in an igloo
- 3. some of the guests to the art show organised by Berquist enjoyed a night in an igloo
- 4. a group of visitors to the art show agreed to spend a night in the igloo

# B. What is NOT true about the Icehotel?

- 1. One hundred artists work for the Icehotel every year.
- 2. The preparation takes several months.
- 3. The hotel is usually open before Christmas.
- 4. The structure is basically made of snow and ice.

# C. The "To Bed with Chickens" suite \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1. has chicken scattered around the room.
- 2. was inspired by a personal experience.
- 3. is for visitors who love chatting before bedtime.
- 4. is for visitors who cannot sleep easily.

# D. Which of the following sentences is right?

- 1. Icehotel rooms are not popular for long stays.
- 2. The temperature inside an Icehotel room constantly varies.
- 3. High prices deter people from staying at the Icehotel.
- 4. The Icehotel is famous for its mouth-watering, gourmet food.

# E. The Icehotel 365 \_\_\_\_.

- 1. is a different name for the Icehotel
- 2. generates renewable power year-round
- 3. enjoys the same fame as the Icehotel
- 4. is located close to Icehotel

# 5. Match the words in Column A, underlined in the text, with the words in column B, according to the text. There are two extra words in Column B you will not need to use. (5X1=5 marks)

Α	В
A. entice	1. attract
B. comprises	2. survive
C. aspires	3. mainstream
D. conventional	4. modern
E. endure	5. consists of
	6. owns
	7. aims

# PART III: USE OF ENGLISH

# 6. Fill in the gaps with only ONE suitable word.

# The World's Oldest Living Person, Just Turned 119!

Kane Tanaka became globally known in 2019, for **(A)** \_\_\_\_\_ the oldest living person on earth. Actually, she has held the Guinness World Record for the oldest person since then. On January 1, 2022, the Japanese supercentenarian turned 119, extending her record as the world's oldest living person. Tanaka has held the Guinness World Title **(B)** \_\_\_\_\_ turning 116 in 2019.

# 30 MARKS

(10x1=10 marks)

"Great achievement. [Kane Tanaka] reached 119 years of age," Junko Tanaka, her greatgranddaughter and biggest fan, tweeted. She also wrote that she hoped her grandmother (C)\_\_\_\_\_\_continue to live life cheerfully and to the fullest.

Though Tanaka received numerous gifts to mark her big day, the most special **(D)** came from the Coca-Cola Company. The soft drink manufacturer sent the 119-year-old two bottles of her favourite beverage — Coca-Cola — with personalized labels stating her name and age.

Tanaka, the seventh of nine siblings, was born in 1903 — the year the Wright brothers invented the first powered flight. She got married (E) the age of 19 and worked at her family's noodle store until the age of 103. The incredible woman has survived two bouts of cancer and lived through five Japanese imperial reigns, two world wars, and two global pandemics. In 2020, Tanaka was selected (F) \_\_\_\_\_\_ one of the torchbearers for the Tokyo 2020 Olympics. Unfortunately, she (G) \_\_\_\_\_\_ forced to decline the honour at the last minute due to the coronavirus outbreak in Japan.

Now residing in a nursing home in Fukuoka, Japan, Tanaka keeps her mind and body active by **(H)** \_\_\_\_\_ math problems, playing a chess-like board game called Othello, and staying curious. Her goal for 2022? To live long **(I)** \_\_\_\_\_ to celebrate her 120th birthday, hopefully with family members, she has been **(J)** \_\_\_\_\_ to see for over 18 months, due to the pandemic.

(Adapted from https://www.dogonews.com)

# 7. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. (5x1=5 marks)

Α.	I regret not asking for her phone number.	ASKED
	If for her phone number.	
В.	'I'm sorry I dropped your mobile phone', said Tim.	APOLOGISED
	Timmy mobile phone.	
C.	I am miserable because you lost my winning lottery ticket.	WISH
	I my winning lottery ticket.	
D.	It's late! You should leave your friend's house right now.	ABOUT
	It's your friend's house.	
Ε.	As my dad gets older, he finds cycling more challenging.	GETS
	The older my dad he finds cycling	J.

# 8. Fill in the gaps with words from the box. There are two extra words that you will not need to use. (5X1=5 marks)

reveal	distorting	widely	victims	objective	misconceptions	subjective
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The most **(A)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accepted view is that history imparts knowledge, contributing to the allround development of a student. However, the truth is that history books are **(B)** \_\_\_\_\_\_ as they express the writer's personal perspective rather than historical truth. Quite often, they create **(C)** \_\_\_\_\_\_ and prejudices against some nations that most of the times are neighbouring. Subconsciously, they aim to achieve certain politically correct goals by concealing part of the truth or even worse by **(D)** \_\_\_\_\_\_ it. Thus, public opinion can easily be manipulated and we, the readers, become **(E)** \_\_\_\_\_\_ of propaganda.

## TIME OR MONEY?

Nowadays everything revolves around money, and everyone aspires to have it. However, the most (A)\_\_\_\_(VALUE) things in life are intangible and cannot **(B)** be (ACQUIRE) with money. Take time, for instance. "Time is money" we say, but money can't buy time. Time is priceless in that it cannot be exchanged with any superficial materialistic (C) (POSSESS). Most people complain about not having enough time to respond (D) (APPROPRIATE) to their life's (E) (OBLIGED), or cherish quality time with their beloved ones. It is probably the only fair thing in life; it treats everyone equally (F)\_\_\_\_\_(REGARD) of race, social status or age. Time flies and it doesn't come back at any price. For this reason, a considerable number of elderly regret spending so much time working at a young age when they could have (G)\_\_\_\_\_ (OPTION) to spend time with people and on activities they valued. (H) \_\_\_\_\_(DOUBT), money can, by no means be compared to time. It is (I) \_\_\_\_\_(MEAN) or even useless when it comes to the real (J)\_\_\_\_\_ (PLEASE) of life, those that speak directly to our heart and not to our pockets.

#### END OF EXAM

GOOD LUCK!