

**MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE
HIGHER AND TERTIARY EDUCATION
PANCYPRIAN EXAMINATIONS 2017**

PART I: LISTENING SKILLS

(20 MARKS)

EXERCISE 1

Put a tick (✓) in the appropriate box.

(5x1=5 marks)

Ecotourism



		TRUE	FALSE
1.	Many tourists visit animals in their habitats.		
2.	A new report says ecotourism benefits nature.		
3.	The presence of tourists in Costa Rica disturbs turtles laying their eggs.		
4.	Animals that often see humans become wilder.		
5.	The report calls for more understanding on how animals put humans at risk.		

Source: <http://www.breakingnewsenglish.com/1510/151014-ecotourism.html#ixzz4ilzhyvOX>

EXERCISE 2

Choose and circle the correct answer a, b or c.

(5x1=5 marks)

Homeschooling



1. Shiloh _____
 - a. loves homeschooling.
 - b. hates homeschooling.
 - c. has mixed feelings about homeschooling.

2. How did Shiloh make friends?
 - a. He regularly met with other homeschooled students.
 - b. He frequently attended classes at a real school.
 - c. He often participated in extra-curricular activities.

3. During his homeschooling, Shiloh _____
 - a. was mainly taught by his mum.
 - b. watched real classes on DVDs.
 - c. sometimes sat at the back of a real class.

4. How did Shiloh go about applying to colleges?
 - a. A counsellor helped him apply to colleges.
 - b. He applied to colleges all by himself.
 - c. His parents helped him apply to colleges.

5. Shiloh says that homeschooling curriculum _____
 - a. offers students flexibility.
 - b. provides students with a limited number of classes.
 - c. forces students to change classes.

Source: <http://www.ello.org/english/1101/1109-Shilow-School.htm>

EXERCISE 3

Fill in the blanks. Write only ONE word in each blank.

(10x1=10 marks)

Maria Montessori



Maria Montessori lived between 1870 and 1952. She was an Italian 1. _____ who has left her mark on education today. Her Montessori method of education is widely used all round the world. Many educationalists say it is the best 2. _____ for child education. Montessori was also a doctor, philosopher and philanthropist. She was nominated for the Nobel Peace 3. _____ three times for her work.

Montessori was the first woman to graduate from the University of Rome's Medical School. She trained as a psychiatrist and was interested in educating the "mentally retarded" and others with 4. _____ difficulties. She had great success when her class of "problematic" 8-year-olds had above-average scores in 5. _____ reading and writing tests. This was described as "the first Montessori miracle."

Hearing about Maria's achievements, Rome's 6. _____ asked her to start her own children's school. In 7. _____, the "Casa del Bambini" opened in a poor neighbourhood of Rome. Montessori experimented with a philosophy she called "spontaneous self-development," which 8. _____ letting children develop and learn at their own pace. Her methods once again met with great success. More schools opened, and she gained worldwide fame.

Montessori was exiled from Italy because she refused to allow her schools to turn children into soldiers. She lived in Spain until the Spanish 9. _____ War broke out in 1936. In 1939, she moved to India and spent ten years working on training courses, which are still seen as 10. _____ today. She travelled the world lecturing until her death in 1952.

Source: http://www.famouspeoplelessons.com/m/maria_montessori.html