

ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΠΑΙΔΕΙΑΣ ΚΑΙ ΠΟΛΙΤΙΣΜΟΥ
ΔΙΕΥΘΥΝΣΗ ΜΕΣΗΣ ΕΚΠΑΙΔΕΥΣΗΣ
ΚΡΑΤΙΚΑ ΙΝΣΤΙΤΟΥΤΑ ΕΠΙΜΟΡΦΩΣΗΣ

**ΤΕΛΙΚΕΣ ΕΝΙΑΙΕΣ ΓΡΑΠΤΕΣ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΕΙΣ
ΣΧΟΛΙΚΗ ΧΡΟΝΙΑ: 2015-2016**

Μάθημα: **Αγγλικά**

Επίπεδο: **Ε3**

Διάρκεια: **2 ώρες**

Ημερομηνία: **19 Μαΐου 2016**

Υπογραφή

Εκπαιδευτή/τριας: _____ Βαθμός: _____

Όνοματεπώνυμο Μαθητή/τριας: _____

ΤΟ ΕΞΕΤΑΣΤΙΚΟ ΔΟΚΙΜΙΟ ΑΠΟΤΕΛΕΙΤΑΙ ΑΠΟ ΔΕΚΑ (10) ΣΕΛΙΔΕΣ

Part I: Writing

(30 marks)

This part of the exam consists of TWO writing tasks. You must do BOTH tasks.

(15 marks)

1. You saw this notice in an online magazine.

A restaurant I like most

We are looking for articles about our readers' favourite restaurants. **Write an article about a restaurant that you like most.** Write why you like this restaurant, what food it serves, what makes it different from other restaurants and who you think would enjoy it.

The best articles will be published in next month's issue.

Write between 80-100 words

Read the 3 passages below and then do ALL the exercises that follow.

Passage 1

Check Out the Future: Life in 2116



According to a new report by Samsung, the future may be here sooner than one thinks. Experts say that as the population is getting bigger, humans will live in large city centres with super tall skyscrapers, taller than anything one has ever seen. In addition, buildings will not only be going up but there will be also “earth-scrapers” going down as far as 25 levels underground.

As if that wasn’t already enough, experts believe that there will be “bubble cities” that will produce oxygen from the water which will be around them. Drone technologies will grow rapidly, helping everybody to travel anywhere they would please in their personal drone.

The report also says that the food industry will be reshaped by 3D printing technology. Families will be able to download whatever meal they want off of databases from popular chefs and restaurants. Then when one’s finished with their four-course 3D printed meal, a large drone will take their whole house to a holiday spot that they have chosen.

All this technological advancement may sound scary to some people. For now, we have to put up with smartphones and other expensive gadgets, but, why not see what we can do to help make the future come a little faster?

(Adapted from: <http://interestingengineering.com/check-out-the-future-life-in-2116/>)

A. Choose the best answer according to Passage 1.

(5x2=10 marks)

1. Which company made the report?
 - a. Toshiba.
 - b. Samsung.
 - c. Apple.

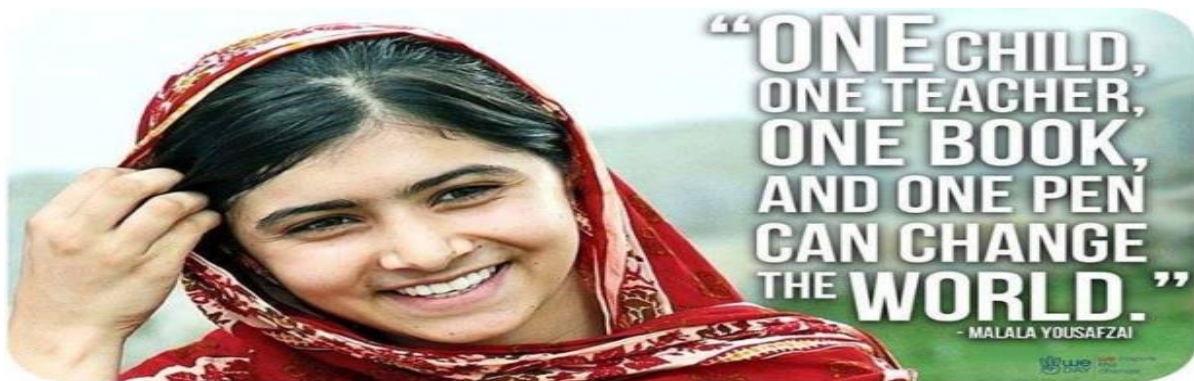
2. Buildings in the future will be going ...
 - a. only upwards
 - b. only downwards
 - c. both upwards and downwards

3. Where will the bubble cities be in the future?
 - a. In the USA.
 - b. In space.
 - c. Under water.

4. With 3D printing, one will be able to...
 - a. taste unusual food
 - b. download images of machines
 - c. download and print our meals

5. A large drone will take one's house to a...
 - a. holiday place
 - b. factory
 - c. school

Passage 2



Malala Yousafzai was born on July 12, 1997, in Mingora, Pakistan. After the Taliban began attacking girls' schools in Swat, Malala gave a speech in Peshawar, Pakistan, in September 2008. The title of her talk was, "How can the Taliban take away my basic right to education?"

In early 2009, Malala began blogging for the BBC about living under the Taliban's threats to deny her an education. In order to hide her identity, she used the name Gul Makai.

In 2011 she was chosen for the International Children's Peace Prize. That same year, she was also awarded Pakistan's National Youth Peace Prize.

On October 9, 2012, a gunman shot Malala when she was travelling home from school. She survived and has continued to speak out on the importance of education.

She gave a speech at the United Nations on her 16th birthday, in 2013. She has also written the story of her life called: *I Am Malala: The Girl Who Stood Up for Education and Was Shot by the Taliban*.

In October 2014, Malala received the Nobel Peace Prize together with the Indian activist Kailash Satyarthi. At the age of 17, she was the youngest person who received the Nobel Peace Prize.

For her 18th birthday, July 12, 2015, also called Malala Day, the young activist continued to take action on global education by opening a school for Syrian refugee girls in Lebanon.

(Adapted from <http://www.biography.com/people/malala-yousafzai-21362253>)

B. Complete the table below with the information in Passage 2. (10x1=10 marks)

YEAR	ACTIVITY / EVENT	DETAILS
2008	Malala gave a speech.	Place: Peshawar, (1)
2009	She blogged for the BBC.	She used the name: (2).....
2011	<u>2 Prizes:</u> a) International Children's Peace Prize. (b) (3).....	
2012	Malala was (4) but survived.	She was travelling home from (5).....
(6).....	Malala wrote the story of her life.	
2014	She received the (7)	Age: (8).....
(9).....	She opened a school for Syrian refugee girls.	Place: (10)

Passage 3

The History of Pizza

The modern pizza was originally created in Naples, Italy, but the word pizza comes from the Greek word 'pektos'. The ancient Greeks covered their bread with oils, herbs and cheese. It was common for the poor of the area around Naples to add tomato to their yeast-based flat bread as a topping, and so the pizza began.



While it is difficult to say for sure who invented the pizza, it is however believed that modern pizza was first made by the baker Raffaele Esposito of Naples. In fact, according to a popular legend, the typical pizza "Margherita" was invented in 1889, when the Royal Palace of Capodimonte ordered Raffaele Esposito to create a pizza in honour of the visiting Queen Margherita. Of the three different pizzas he created, the Queen strongly preferred a pie which was then named after the Queen as Pizza Margherita.

Later, pizza has become popular in many parts of the world:

- The first pizzeria, *Antica Pizzeria Port'Alba*, was opened in 1830 in Naples.
- In North America, the first *pizzeria* was opened in 1905 by Gennaro Lombardi in New York City.
- The first *Pizza Hut*, the chain of pizza restaurants, appeared in the United States during the 1930s.

(Adapted from http://www.myenglishpages.com/site_php_files/reading-history-of-pizza.php)

C. Put a v in the correct box to indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE according to Passage 3.

(10X1=10 marks)

		TRUE	FALSE
1.	The word "pizza" comes from an Italian word.		
2.	Poor people around Naples used to add tomato to their bread.		
3.	It is believed that Raffaele Esposito was the first to make modern pizza.		
4.	The first pizzeria in North America was opened in 1905.		
5.	<i>Pizza Hut</i> first appeared in Australia during the 1960s.		

Part III: Use of English

(40 marks)

A. Read the following article and choose the correct alternative.

(6 x 0.5=3 marks)

New research shows that having a pet dog can help to reduce children's stress. A study by the Centres for Disease Control and Prevention in the USA shows that having (1) _____ dog is a great way to help stressed kids. Researchers looked at 643 children aged six and seven over an 18-month period. They found that children who have a pet dog suffer from (2) _____ stress than children without a dog. The researchers said that just twelve per cent of children (3) _____ pets showed signs of stress. This compares with 21 per cent of children with no dog. The research will come as no surprise to the parents of children (4) _____ have a dog. They have always (5) _____ that a dog is great for (6) _____ a child's development and mental health.

1.	A. a	B. the	C. some
2.	A. fewer	B. least	C. less
3.	A. on	B. with	C. to
4.	A. which	B. where	C. who
5.	A. known	B. knew	C. know
6.	A. helps	B. help	C. helping

B. Underline the correct form of the verbs in the following passage. (7x1=7 marks)

John has always travelled a lot. In fact, he was only two years old when he first (1) **flew / has flown** to the United States. His mother is Italian and his father is American. John was born in France, but his parents (2) **had met / meet** in Cologne, Germany. They met one day while John's father (3) **was reading / is reading** a book in the library and his mother sat down beside him.

John travels a lot because his parents also travel a lot. As a matter of fact, John is visiting his parents in France at the moment. He lives in New York but he (4) **visits / has been visiting** his parents for the past few weeks. He really enjoys living in New York, but he also (5) **loves / loved** visiting his parents at least once a year.

This year he has flown over 50,000 miles for his job. He has been working for Jackson & Co. for almost two years now. He is pretty sure that he (6) **will be working/ has worked** for them next year as well. His job needs a lot of travel. In fact, by the end of this year, he (7) **will be travelling / will have travelled** over 120,000 miles!

C. Complete each of the following sentences, using the words given in brackets, in such a way that it means the same as the sentence before it.

(5 x 2=10 marks)

1. Unless we turn down the music, the neighbours will complain. (**do**)

If we _____ the music, the neighbours will complain.

2. Jane and Ken don't like Chinese food. (**nor**)

Neither Jane _____ Chinese food.

3. 'Can you help me?' he asked. (**to**)

He asked me _____.

4. I can't speak Chinese! (**wish**)

I _____ speak Chinese.

5. A lot of people read detective stories. (**are**)

Detective stories _____ a lot of people.

D. Choose the correct word.

(7 x 1 = 7 marks)

Earthquakes

Scientists report that about 18 big earthquakes take place each year. But what causes earthquakes? Earthquakes happen when enormous pieces of rock move under the ground. A lot of earthquakes are small and we don't even feel them. But a large earthquake can be one of the worst natural (1) **disasters / excursions** in the world.

Big earthquakes are extremely (2) **boring / dangerous** and sometimes they can even cause death as lots of people can be killed or seriously (3) **hurt / angry**. This is because during earthquakes buildings (4) **collapse / survive** and heavy objects fall. In some areas fire can also start. These are not the only dangers, however. Large earthquakes under the sea can cause (5) **tsunamis / beaches**. Many people drown because they don't realise they are going to happen. Moreover, sea water causes a terrible (6) **flood / habitat**.

Hopefully, if scientists learn more about earthquakes, more lives will be saved in the future and people will not (7) **panic / volunteer** so much anymore.

E. Complete the text with the correct form of the words in brackets.

(6 x 1 = 6 marks)

An exciting film

"The house in the mountains" is an exciting, new film about two (1) _____ (**adventure**) teenagers who spend their holidays at their cottage and want to do amazing things together. They go through dense forests and hide in dark caves. They are chased by terrifying animals that try to kill them and they have to eat (2) _____ (**disgust**) food like insects and worms to survive in the forest. The plot is very clever and (3) _____ (**imagination**) with lots of interesting scenes. The actors' (4) _____ (**perform**) are great and it is already the number-one film of the year. The story is a bit scary but (5) _____ (**fascinate**); I would recommend the film without a second thought. You will love it from the (6) _____ (**begin**) to the end!

F. Match the questions with the answers.

(7 x 1 = 7 marks)

1. Hey! What have you been doing all day?
 2. Do you encourage children to recycle rubbish?
 3. Will the Mediterranean diet have changed by 2070?
 4. Do you spend your money without thinking when you go shopping?
 5. Was the murder solved at the end of the novel?
 6. How about moving to a tropical island?
 7. What's wrong with Steve?
-
- a. Of course I do! I also teach them about environmentally-friendly products.
 - b. If only we had enough money to go and live there!
 - c. I've been cleaning the restaurant because two hygiene inspectors have been closing restaurants all week. What about you?
 - d. Well, I guess you will have to find it out yourself. Follow the clues!
 - e. I'm not sure, but he looks very sad.
 - f. People say that we will have lost our national dishes by then.
 - g. Actually, I always look at the price tags. I don't like getting into debt!

Good Luck!